

TEACHERS COLLEGE, COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

Unpacking Program Enrollments and Completions with Equity in Mind

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Why look at programs?

- Most analyses focus on institution- or course-level data
 - Including enrollment, graduation, course success
- Labor-market returns vary significantly by major
- Guided pathways is about *programs*

Importance of program choice

- Earned WA CTC degree values are NOT equitable by race, socioeconomic status, or prior education. (Prince, 2015)
- Significant research reveals how race, gender, and socioeconomic status contribute to inequities in program choice and subsequent labor market prospects for students enrolled in four-year colleges. (Anderson & Kim, 2006; Carnevale, Fasules, Porter, Landis-Santos, 2016; Castex & Decher, 2014)
- Limited research exists regarding student program choice in community colleges and inequities that arise as a part of this process.

Equity in Program Enrollments and Completions

CONNECTION

From interest and application to first enrollment

ENTRY From entry to program choice and entry

PROGRESS / COMPLETION

From program entry to completion of program requirements

ADVANCEMENT

From completion of credential to career advancement and further education

- Is the college engaging underrepresented students in high schools, adult education, and noncredit programs to explore the college's pathways and pursue a program of study?
- Are underrepresented students entering programs leading to higher remuneration degrees/fields?
- Do patterns of student program switching result in more or less equitable representation in programs leading to high-remuneration degrees and careers?
- Are high- and lowremuneration CC awards being conferred equitably?

- Are postgraduation employment outcomes equitable?
- Are transfer and bachelor's completion outcomes equitable?

a program of study?

Tracking Equity in Pathway Access and Outcomes: Key Questions

Subgroups for equity analysis: Student race/ethnicity, gender, SES, & age

	CONNECTION From interest and application to first enrollment	→ F	ENTRY From entry to program choice and entry	->	PROGRESS / COMPLETION From program entry to completion of program requirements	\rightarrow	ADVANCEMENT From completion of credential to career advancement and further education
•	Is the college reaching out to help underrepresented students in high schools, adult education, and non- credit programs explore the college's pathways and pursue		Are underrepresented students entering programs leading to higher remuneration degrees/fields?	•	Do patterns of student program switching result in more or less equitable representation in programs leading to high-remuneration degrees and careers? Are high– and low-	•	Are post-graduation employment outcomes equitable? Are transfer and bachelor's completion outcomes equitable?

remuneration CC

equitably?

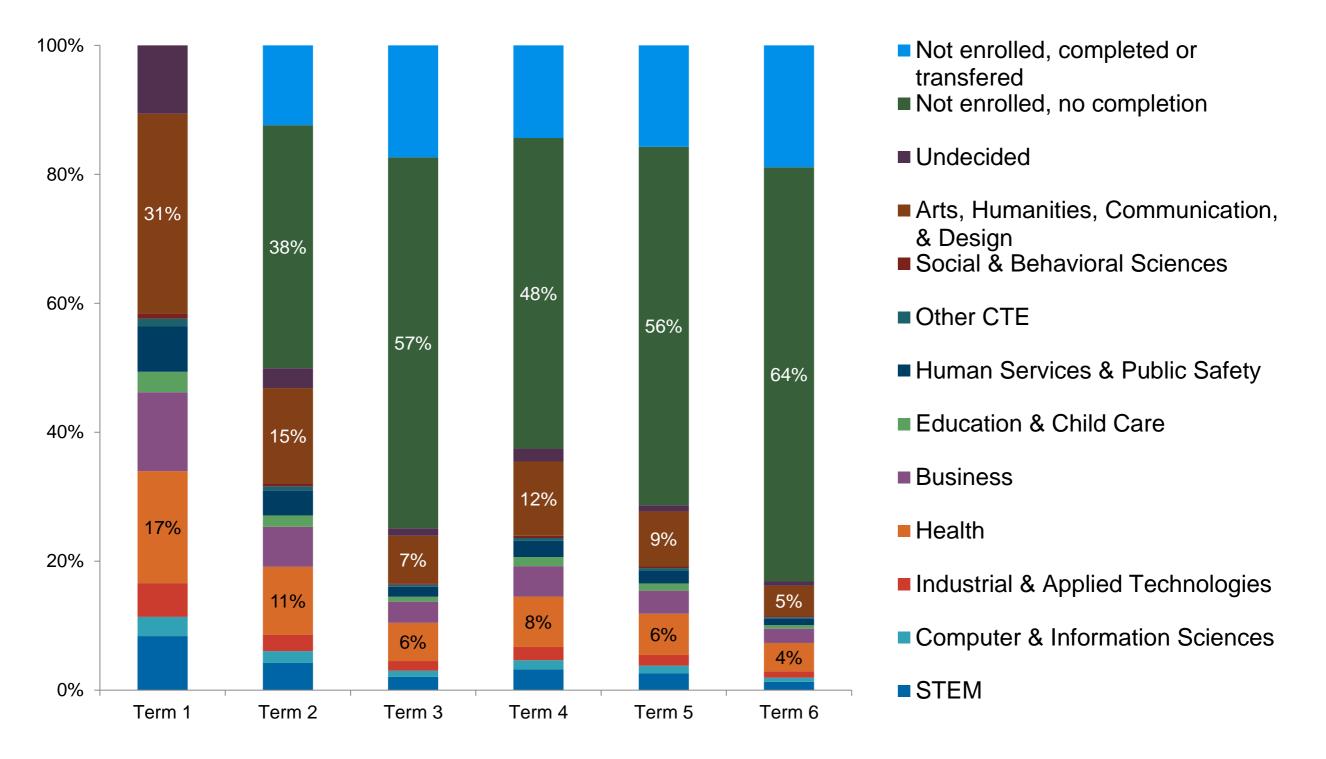
awards being conferred

Why focus on entry program?

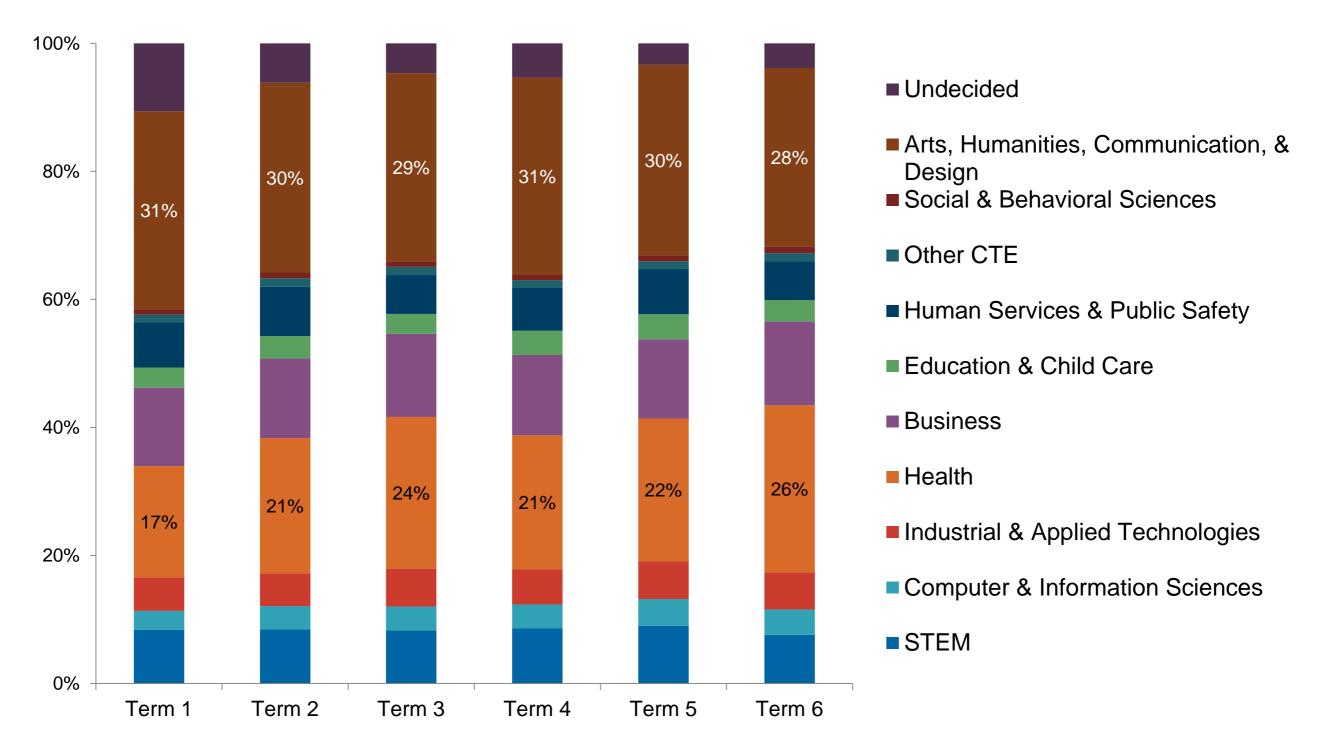
- Many students do not persist into the second year
- Many students do not complete
- Many students do not switch programs, and most do not switch across broad categories (e.g., workforce to transfer)
- Under/over-representation in which types of programs students enter is a key mechanism explaining under/over-representation in which types of programs students complete

(in addition to disparities in persistence and completion)

Program Enrollments, Ohio Community Colleges FTEIC Students Fall 2014- Summer 2015



Program Enrollments, Ohio Community Colleges FTEIC Students Fall 2014- Summer 2015 (Enrolled Students only)



What would it look like to have equitable representation across program enrollments?

- Defining the 'value' of programs is challenging, complex, messy, but stratification of programs in terms of students future opportunity/prosperity is a reality
- What would equitable representation of underserved and minoritized students across programs look like (e.g., equal representation, over-representation in higher opportunity programs)?
- What barriers currently exist that create inequitable access to higher-opportunity programs?

Categorizing programs and degrees (WA)

- Workforce programs leading to high-, medium-, and low-remuneration careers (based on SBCTC analysis of graduate UI wage records), includes general studies degrees
- Transfer: Unstructured and Structured Programs e.g., General DTA vs. DTA for Business / MRPs
- Unknown or Undeclared: e.g., "null" program titles
- Uncategorized programs/degrees: Not enough information to confidently categorize these as programs are nuanced at the college level

Top 10 Entry Programs in Each Category (WA)

Workforce: low	Workforce: medium	Workforce: high	Structured transfer	Unstructured transfer
UNDECLARED MAJOR	NURSING	NURSING	BUSINESS DTA/MRP	UNDECIDED/UNDEC LAR
UNDECIDED/UND ECLAR	ACCOUNTING	RADIOLOGIC TECH	PRE-NURS DTA/MRP	AA-DTA
AAS OPT A	WELDING	CARPENTRY	TRANSFER (AS OPT1)	GENERAL TRANSFER
CRIMINAL JUSTICE	BUSINESS MANAGEMNT	PRACTICAL NURSING	ASSOC IN PRENURS	ASSOCIATES IN ARTS
AUTOMOTIVE TECH	MEDICAL ASSISTANT	DENTAL HYGIENE	BUSINESS ADMIN	TRANSFER (AA DTA)
EARLY CHILDHOOD ED	HUMAN SERVICES	SONOGRAPHY	ASSOC IN BUS-DTA	ARTS/SCIENCES
CULINARY ARTS	FIRE SCIENCE	NURSING PT	CHEM	AA-LIBRARIANSHIP
NURSING ASSISTANT	PRACTICAL NURSING	SURGICAL TECH	ENGINEERING	AA/UNDECIDED
ADMIN ASSISTANT	DENTAL ASSISTANT	PHYSICAL THPY ASST	ASSOCIATE BUSINESS	SOCIAL WORK

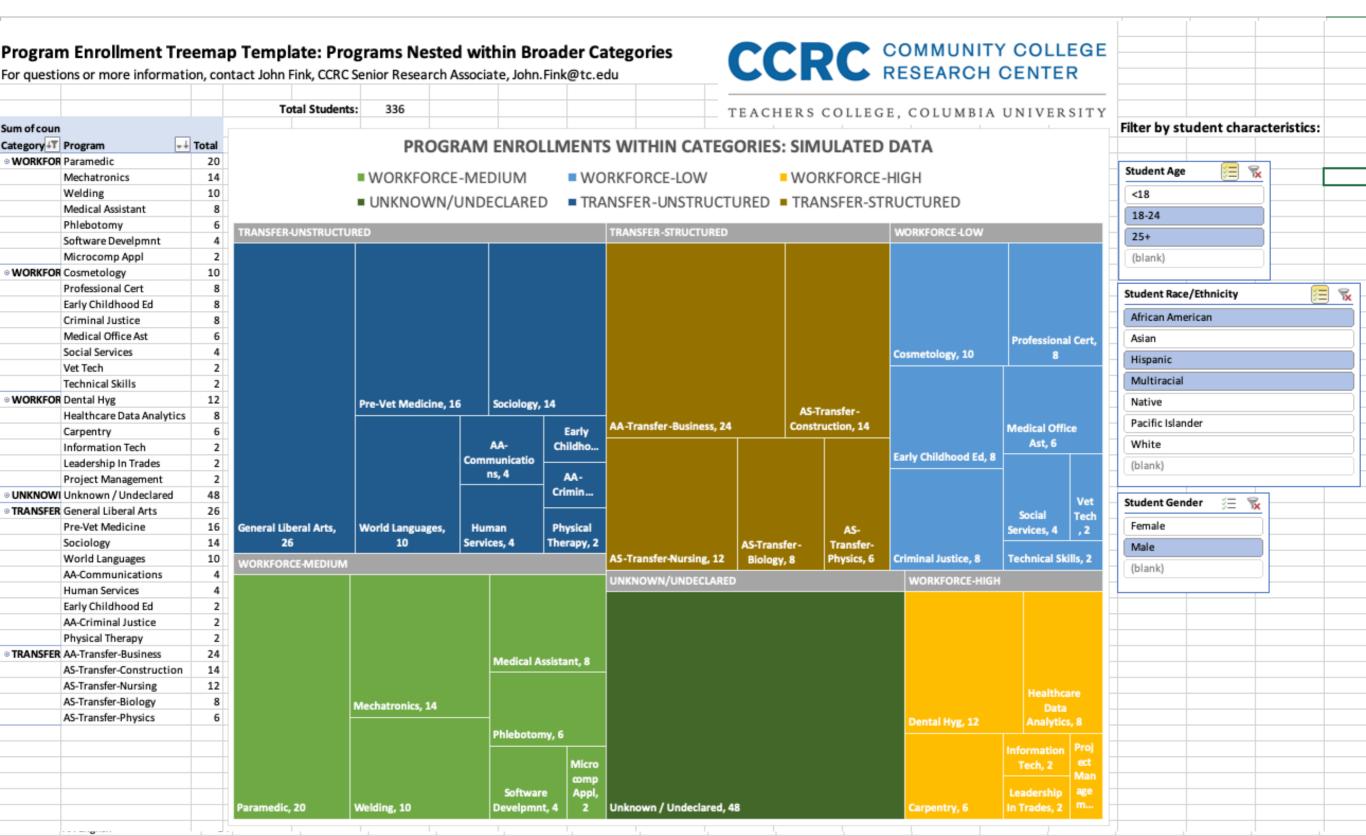
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Program Explorer Excel Tool

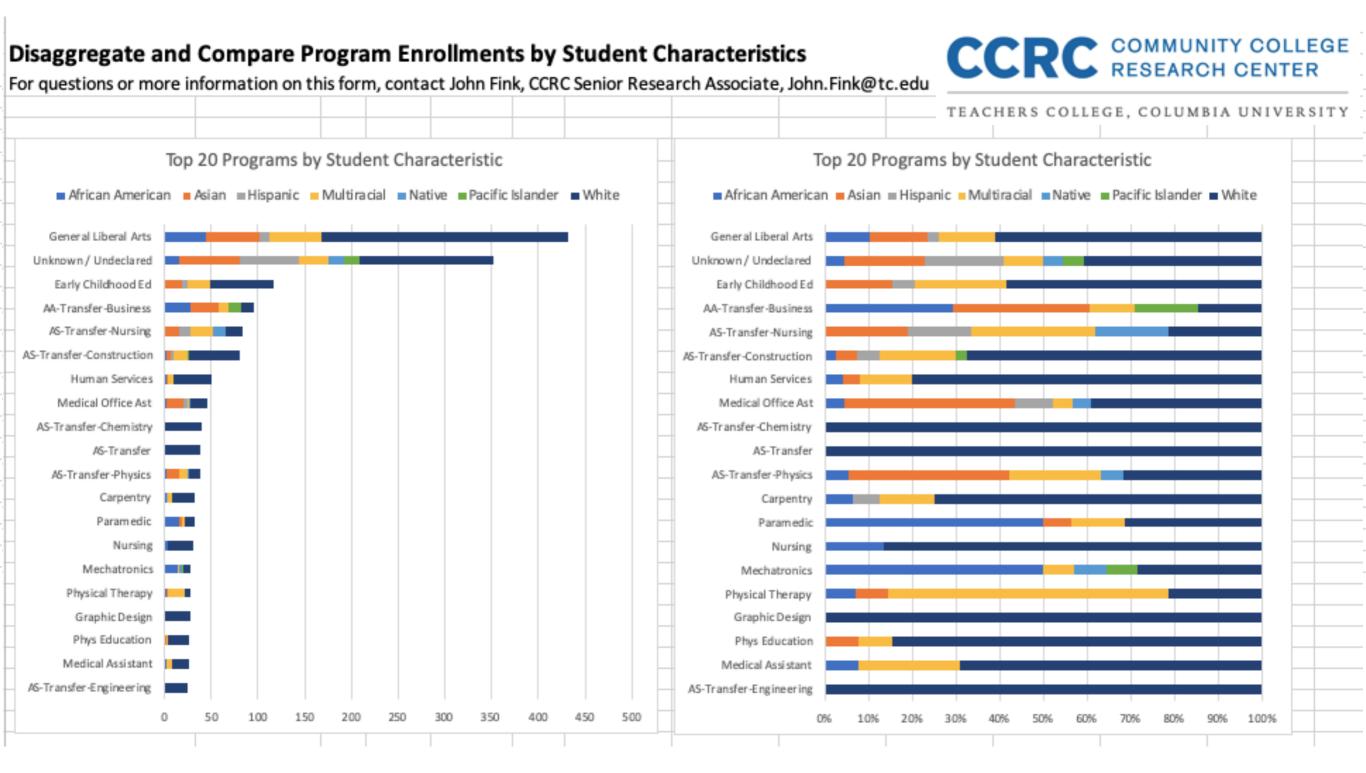
Two goals:

- Examine which programs students are enrolled in (and what those programs lead to)
- 2. Identify inequitable patterns of over- and underrepresentation of students among those programs

Program Explorer Excel Tool



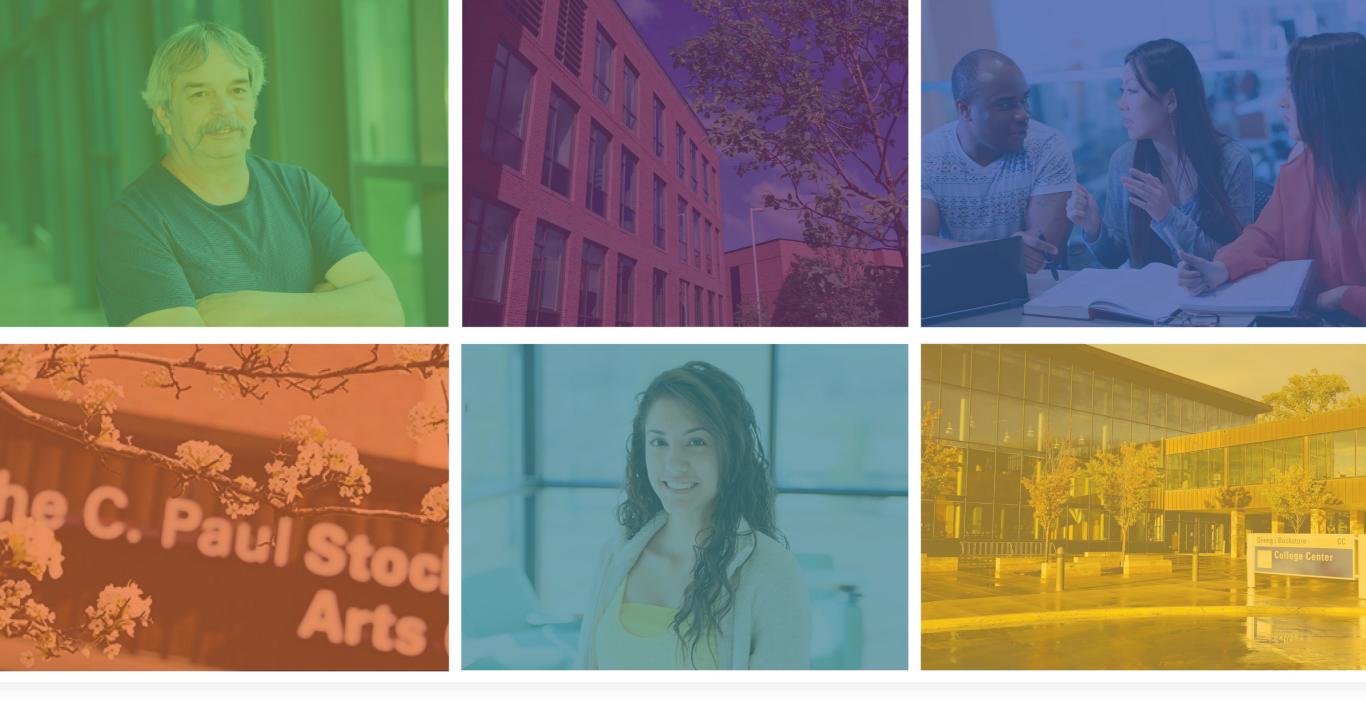
Program Explorer Excel Tool





Lorain County Community College

Insights on Tracking Equity in Program Enrollments



Insights on tracking program enrollment OACC SSLI Sept. 13 2019

Welcome to LCCC!

Students are required to take the College Student Inventory (CSI) at intake

- Collects information about the student's life and plans
- Tool for the advisor to start conversations around supports and goals

Assigned Advisors from the start

- Required to meet with advisor to register
- Assigned advisor is from the team associated with the program pathway
- Teams include advisors, career services, financial aid, and faculty representatives with expertise in the pathway area

Understanding the long term impact

Embedded upfront career coaching to:

- help students consider possibilities
- understand the job opportunities
- know the earning potential
- transfer opportunities

sessment Careers Programs Rés	umé Builder						
W	elcome to Career Co	ach					
Discover majors and in-demand careers and education based on your interests!							
ake Career Assessment	Browse Careers	Drawna Drawna					
ake a Career Assessment	Browse or search for careers and we will give	Browse Programs Browse or search for the available programs that lead to the career you want. Search for Programs					
ourself and Career Coach will give you career uggestions based on your interests.	you relevant data on wages, employment, and the training you need.						
Take the Assessment	Search for Careers Q						
	Or Browse all Careers	Or Browse all Programs					
Are You a Veteran?	Build You	se résumé builder will help you create a					
Find civilian careers related to occupation.	p your military Our easy-to- professional						
occupation.	professional						

Support for Program Selection

Not sure where to begin? Start with an Exploratory Major.



The further you advance on your pathway-the higher YOUR INCOME POTENTIAL becomes!

9 Program and Career Pathways

Advisors on specialized pathway teams meet with students

Up to 24 credits in pathway before selecting specific major

Tracking student programs

On Plan

 System to notify students if courses are 'off' or outside of the curriculum for their declared program

Degree Map

 Student friendly interface that allows students and advisors to see the progress a student has made towards a degree and what other degrees the student is accumulating credits towards

System Data is used for analysis

- Program concentration was used as a validation check for course enrollment and program alignment
- Multiple majors may be difficult for analysis but worth the time

Equity by Design

LCCC had been looking and processing disaggregated data widely since 2011 through ATD, CBD, and Frontier Set

- Using the loss/momentum framework to look and being to understand points along the student experience
- LCCC reviewed policy, created programs, and ramped up services based on the data

Student Equity Statement



Student Equity

Lorain County Community College is committed to equity, the idea that students from marginalized and underrepresented populations have access to resources that empower student success and close completion achievement gaps. Equity is based upon the principle of fairness and is distinct from equality. While equality involves treating everyone the same way, equity provides each individual or group what they need to have an equal opportunity to succeed. A commitment to equity also includes identifying and removing structural barriers faced by underserved students. As a campus community, we will adopt practices that promote equity, grow the culture of inclusion, demand social justice and use that power to ensure success for all students.

Achieving the Dream provides some examples of historically underrepresented students. These include but are not limited to: firstgeneration and low-income students; students of color; adult students; marginalized orientations, gender identities, and intersex students; students with second-language backgrounds; undocumented students; veterans; students with disabilities; students with dependents; foster care youth; and formerly and currently incarcerated students.

Program enrollment equity

Equity Progress Update 2019

fee Lorain County Community Colleg

Career Pathways

Up front and intentional career selection support a clear pathway to completion and provide planning for future employment opportunities. Deeper analysis reveals majors where students are over and underrepresented. This means that more (over) or less (under) students proportionally are choosing the major. The baseline comparison for determining this is the proportion of the overall student body. For instance, non-traditional students comprise 41% of the overall student body. Majors where the proportion of non-traditional students is higher that 41% would be majors where those students are more likely to select than would be anticipated and therefore the major would surface as 'overrepresented'. This illustration only shows up to three majors, however, this does not include all instances in all cases.

Black or African Am	Overrepresented		Underrepresented					
			1	*				
Real Estate 28.3%	Practical Nursing 28.0%	Human Services 27.0%	Dental Hygiene 0.0%	Sonography, Surgical 5.2%	Computer Info. 6.8%			
Hispanic or Latino -	11.2% overall							
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Justice Systems 18.1%			Industrial Mech. 6.4%	Computer Info. 8.1%	Nursing 9.3%			
White – 70.4% over	all	· · · ·	-					
÷.	Ug			IIIX				
Industrial Mech. 83.5%	Nursing 77.1%		Culinary Arts 47.2%	Justice Systems 57.2%				
Non-traditional – 41	Ion-traditional – 41.0% overall							
Fort		<u>6</u>	<i>₹</i> .	IIIM				
Addiction Counseling 82.9%	Real Estate 75.0%	Clinical Lab Science 73.3%	Sports & Fitness Management 13.7%	Justice Systems 28.8%	Computer & Electrical 29.3%			
Pell – 53.1% overall								
			0					
Human Services 75.3%	Culinary Arts 71.7%	Justice Systems 64.2%	Industrial Mech. 30.3%	Computer Networking 39.2%	Business Management 46.9%			

National studies released about the impact of program selection Disaggregated completion rates started to prompt

pipeline discussions

Data & Information Group (DIG) shared creation of new report

Courageous Conversations

Processed with Student Completion Council, Equity for Students Team, Administrative Leadership Team

More plans to share across the institution (faculty brown bags, staff updates, etc)

Questions discussed

- Why is this occurring? Is it structural? Is it access?
- What other information do we need?
- How do you equip students with the tools to make the most informed decisions?
- Where do opportunities exist for redesign?

Lessons Learned

Understanding the 'why' is extremely important

Uncover what it is that is attracting students to the program

Must look at the whole picture

• What else is impacting the numbers?

Creating a culture of care across the institution helps students at all points along the experience

Broad access to a variety of equity training

 Equipping individuals with the knowledge of resources, tools, and a deeper understanding of how to support students

What's next

Targeted effort to collect more direct feedback from students

 Begin to understand the why behind the numbers and experiences students are having

Additional trainings offered

Thank You!



